

Ten minutes in an electric shower.

### Ten minutes in an electric shower

1500<sub>watts</sub>

An average electric shower has a power rating of 9000w (9kw). This means it would use:

9000w in 1 hour

9000w/60 = 150w in 1 minute

150w x 10= 1500w in 10 minutes

- Take shorter showers
- Reduce the temperature
- Removing limescale from shower head will make it more efficient



### Running an immersion heater for 1 hour.

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3000 watts

An immersion heater has a power rating of around 3000w (3kw). This means it would use:

3000w in 1 hour

- Switch your immersion heater on about 1 hour before you need the hot water – they take about 45 minutes to heat up in summer and 70 minutes in winter
- Make sure your immersion heater is well insulated – jackets cost around £20 and can save you £70 a year



To boil 1.7 litres of water in a kettle (enough for 6 cups of tea).

# To boil 1.7 litres of water in a kettle (enough for 6 cups of tea)

200 watts

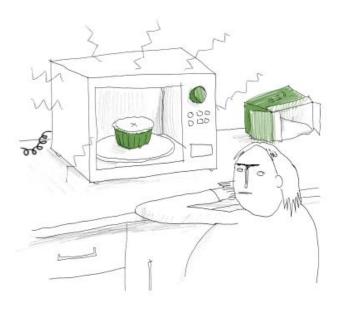
An average kettle has a power rating of 3000w (3kw). It takes about 4 minutes to boil 1.7 litres of water. This means it would use:

3000w in 1 hour

3000w/60 = 50w in 1 minute

50w x 4= 200w in 4 minutes

- Oon't put more water in the kettle than you need
- The more water you add, the longer it takes to boil



### Reheating a pie in a microwave.

### Reheating a pie in a microwave.

75 watts

An average microwave has a power rating of 900w. It takes about 5 minutes to reheat a pie. This means it would use:

900w in 1 hour

900w/60 = 15w in 1 minute

15w x 5= 75w in 5 minutes

- Microwaves are cheaper to use than conventional ovens, but some tips to save even more:
- 5 Unplug when not in use
- Defrost frozen foods in the refrigerator to save using microwave
- Keep surfaces inside clean



### Reheating a pie in an electric oven.

### Reheating a pie in an electric oven

833<sub>watts</sub>

A conventional oven has a power rating of around 2000w. It takes about 25 minutes to reheat a pie. This means it would use:

2000w in 1 hour

2000w/60 = 33w in 1 minute

33w x 25 = 833w in 25 minutes

- Ovens are more efficient if air can flow freely around items – stagger pots on top and bottom shelves
- Smaller pans are more efficient



### Reheating a pie in an air fryer

### Reheating a pie in an air fryer

255 watts

A smallish air fryer has a power rating of 1000w. It takes about 15 minutes to reheat a pie. This means it would use:

1000w in 1 hour

1000w/60 = 17w in 1 minute

17w x 15= 255w in 15 minutes

#### Tips for using less energy:

Air fryers are cheaper to run than conventional ovens and perfect for small items like jacket potatoes and pies



Mowing a lawn with an electric mower for 1 hour.

### Mowing a lawn with an electric mower for 1 hour

1000 watts

An average lawnmower has a power rating of 1000w. This means it would use:

1000w in 1 hour

- Electric mowers are more energy efficient than petrol mowers, but if you are fit enough to use a manual mower, you will save even more money and get more exercise
- Consider not mowing your lawn during May it's good for the bees



### Charging your phone for 2 hours.

### Charging your phone for 2 hours

5 watts

An average phone charger has a power rating of 2.5w. This means it would use:

2.5w in 1 hour

2.5w x 2= 5w in 2 hours

- S Don't leave your phone charging longer than needed
- Try plugging your phone into a timer so they shut off automatically



An LED light left on for 5 hours.

### An LED light left on for 5 hours

**20** watts

An average LED light has a power rating of 4w. This means it would use:

4w in 1 hour

4w x 5= 20w in 5 hours

#### Tips for using less energy:

LED lights are the most efficient form of lighting – by comparison, halogen lamps would use approximately 200 watts in 5 hours.



An incandescent light left on for 5 hours.

### An incandescent light left on for 5 hours

300 watts

An old-fashioned incandescent light has an average power rating of 60w. This means it would use:

60w in 1 hour

60w x 5= 300w in 5 hours

- Consider replacing your incandescent light bulbs with LED bulbs. These will use less energy and also less heat, which makes them safer. They also last a lot longer.
- Light bulbs vary in quality and life span. Use branded light bulbs, if possible.



Using a dishwasher to clean a full load.

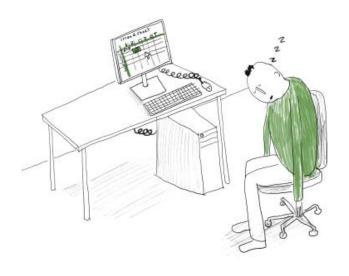
### Using a dishwasher to clean a full load

910 watts

Dishwashers vary greatly in power settings and the length of wash cycles. A typical dishwasher uses:

910w to clean a full load

- The energy rating of dishwashers varies greatly. The most energy efficient dishwashers use 540 watts per cycle – when buying a dishwasher, check the energy rating, as well as the amount of water different models use.
- If you already have a dishwasher, find out which settings use the least electricity



Using a desktop computer for 4 hours.

### Using a desktop computer for 4 hours

560 watts

An average desktop computer has a power rating of 140w. This means it would use:

140w in 1 hour

140w x 4= 560w in 4 hours

- Enable the sleep mode on your monitor, if you aren't going to use your computer for 20 minutes, or more.
- Switch off plugs when you are not using your computer for more than 2 hours



Using a laptop computer for 4 hours.

### Using a laptop computer for 4 hours

200 watts

An average laptop computer has a power rating of 140w. This means it would use:

50w in 1 hour

50w x 4= 200w in 4 hours

- Enable the sleep mod, if you aren't going to use your computer for 20 minutes, or more.
- Switch off plugs when you are not using your computer for more than 2 hours



A washing machine running for 1 hour.

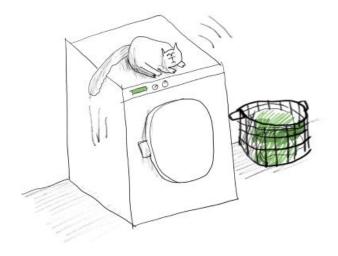
### A washing machine running for 1 hour

2100 watts

A washing machine has a power rating of around 2100w. This means it would use:

2100w in 1 hour

- When buying a new washing machine, look for one that has a high energy efficiency, eg AAA
- Wait for a full load (but don't overload)
- Wash at lower temperatures
- Pre-soak stains to reduce the need to rewash
- Use eco mode, if available



### A tumble dryer running for 1 hour.

### A tumble dryer running for 1 hour

2500 watts

An average tumble dryer has a power rating of 2500w. This means it would use:

2500w in 1 hour

- If possible, hang your washing outside to dry
- Use a high spin speed in your wash, to remove more water and save drying time



#### One hour of ironing!

#### One hour of ironing

1500 watts

An average iron has a power rating of 1500w. This means it would use:

1500w in 1 hour

- Try to reduce the amount of clothes that need ironing.
- Pull clothes gently into shape while they are still damp.
- Wear wrinkly clothes with pride



Toasting 2 slices of bread.

#### **Toasting 2 slices of bread**

34<sub>watts</sub>

A 2-slice toaster has an average power rating of 1000w. It takes about 2 minutes to toast bread in an electric toaster. This means it would use:

1000w in 1 hour

1000w/60 = 17w in 1 minute

17w x 2= 34w in 2 minutes

- Clean your toaster regularly and remove crumbs to ensure proper air flow and greater efficiency
- Work out how long it takes to toast bread the way you like it – and avoid burned toast



Using an electric blanket for 30 minutes.

### Using an electric blanket for 30 minutes

75 watts

An electric blanket has a power rating of around 150w. This means it would use:

150w in 1 hour

150w/60 = 2.5w in 1 minute

2.5w x 30= 75w in 30 minutes

- Don't leave your electric blanket on for too long.
- Heating it for 20-30 minutes before you get into bed is the recommended way to use one.



Heat energy lost through your walls in 1 hour, when it is 0°C outside.

# Heat energy lost through your walls in 1 hour, when it is 0°C outside.

# 2000 watts

The amount of heat lost through the walls of an average house is about 100watts per degree of temperature difference. If you are heating your house to 20oC and it is OOC outside, the temperature difference is 20oC.

 $20 \times 100 \text{w} = 2000 \text{ w}$ 

- If your wall is well insulated, you will lose less energy.
- You also lose heat through draughts: holes and gaps around doors and windows. Blocking these draughts is usually cheaper than adding insulation.



### An oil-filled radiator

running for 2 hours.

### An oil-filled radiator running for 2 hours

4000 watts

An oil-filled radiator has a power rating of around 2000w. This means it would use:

2000w in 1 hour

2000w x 2= 4000w in 2 hours

#### Tips for using less energy:

Choose low power settings



An electric heater running for 2 hours.

### An electric heater running for 2 hours

5000 watts

An electric heater has a power rating of around 2500w. This means it would use:

2500w in 1 hour

2500w x 2= 5000w in 2 hours

- Keep doors closed
- Use draught excluders



### A fridge freezer running for 8 hours.

### A fridge freezer running for 8 hours

2400 watts

A fridge freezer has a power rating of around 300w. This means it would use:

300w in 1 hour

300w x 8= 2400w in 8 hours

- A modern fridge freezer won't be running at full power all the time. If the temperature inside is cool enough it will use very little energy
- Keep the door(s) shut as much as possible
- Smaller fridge freezers use less power than larger ones with the same energy rating



Heat energy lost through your windows in 1 hour when it is 0°C outside

# Heat energy lost through your windows in 1 hour when it is 0°C outside

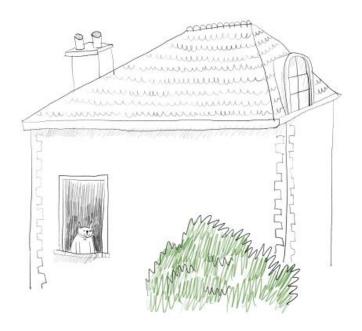
600 watts

The amount of heat lost through the windows of an average house is about 30 watts per degree of temperature difference. If you are heating your house to 20 °C and it is 0 °C outside, the temperature difference is 20 °C.

 $20 \times 30 = 600 \text{ W}$ 

#### Tips for saving energy:

- How much heat is lost depends on how big your windows are (the total area) and how energy efficient they are. Buying more efficient windows will save you energy, but can be very expensive.
- Curtains and blinds are effective ways to reduce heat lost after dark.
- Secondary glazing, for example removable perspex sheets, is a cost effective solution for winter months.



Heat energy lost through your roof in 1 hour when it is 0°C outside

# Heat energy lost through your roof in 1 hour when it is 0°C outside

1400 watts

The amount of heat lost through the roof of an average house is about 70watts per degree of temperature difference. If you are heating your house to 20°C and it is 0°C outside, the temperature difference is 20°C.

20 x 70 = 1400 w

#### Tips for saving energy:

- Roof and loft insulation is quick to install and will keep more heat in your home
- Compared to other types of insulation, it is relatively cheap and will reduce your energy bills significantly



Heat energy lost through doors and draughts in 1 hour when it is 0°C outside

# Heat energy lost through doors and draughts in 1 hour when it is 0°C outside

840 watts

The amount of heat lost through doors and draughts of an average house is about 42 watts per degree of temperature difference. If you are heating your house to 20°C and it is 0°C outside, the temperature difference is 20°C.

 $20 \times 42 = 840 \text{ W}$ 

#### Tips for saving energy:

- Draught proofing is one of the cheapest and most effective ways to save energy and money in your home.
- Ventilation is important for your health, but you should be able to control when fresh air is let in.
- Draughts make you feel cold and uncomfortable. By removing draughts you may also be able to turn down your thermostat. More money saved!
- Blocking up gaps around windows and doors can save around £35 a year.